MSDS 52021 TBN Solvent Issued 1.11.2019 Expires 1.11.2024

User declaration:- I have read	and understood	this Safe	ety Data Sheet
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Name:-	Signature	Date

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Company Name



Address: 39 Woodside Ave, Northcote, Auckland, New Zealand

Emergency Tel: NZ 0800154666	Tel +64 9 480 4386	FAX +64 9 480 4385
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Product	TBN Solvent			Code		52021
CAS#	HSNO#	UN#	DG Clas	s/es	Pac	king group #
108-90-7	HSR001108	1134	3			III
64-19-7	HSR000975	2789	8			II

Recomended use: Laboratory Investigations

2. Hazards Identification

2.1 GHS Classification

Flammable Liquids (Category C)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category D)

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category D)

Aquatic toxicity (Acute or Chronic) (Category B)

Skin Corrosion (category)

Serious eye damage (categoryA)

Skin sensitisation (category B)

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements



Pictogram

Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards - none

Hazard Classification Australia:

Classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health & Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

New Zealand:

Classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.

Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport, according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433:1999 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification:

3.1C - Flammable Liquid: Medium Hazard.

6.1D - Substance that is moderately toxic.

6.3B - Substance that is mildly irritating to the skin.

6.4A - Substance that is irritating to the eye.

6.9A - Substance that is toxic to human target organs or systems.

9.1A - Substance that is very ecotoxic in the aquatic environment.

9.3C - Substance that is harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

Hazard statement code:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{H410}}$ Very toxic to a quatic life with long lasting effects.

H433 Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

Precautionary statement codes- prevention:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P104 Read Safety Data Sheet before use.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P260 Do not breathe spray.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment. – This statement does not apply where this is the intended use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement codes- Response:

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P303+P361+P353 IF ON CLOTHING: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P307+P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Precautionary statement codes - Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary statement codes - Disposal:

P501 In the case of a substance that is in compliance with a HSNO approval other than a Part 6A (Group Standards) approval, a label must provide a description of one or more appropriate and achievable methods for the disposal of a substance in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001. This may also include any method of disposal that must be avoided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	Name	CAS	Proportion
	Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	6.7.9 %
	Acetic acid	64-19-7	32 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion

Skin

Eye

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Wash out mouth with water. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse or discard. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

If contact with the eye(s) occurs, wash with copious amounts of water holding eyelid(s)

open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. If symptoms

persist seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities

Eye wash and normal washroom facilities.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Use dry agent, foam or water mist.

Hazards from

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes including carbon Combustion Products monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and phosgene.

Specific Hazards

This product is flammable. Keep storage tanks, pipelines, fire-exposed surfaces etc cool with water spray. Shut off any leak if safe to do so and remove sources of re-ignition. Vapour/air mixtures may ignite explosively. Flashback along the vapour trail may occur. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazchem Code

Precautions in connection with Fire

Fire-fighters should wear full protective clothing and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency **Procedures**

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to minimise exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain. Dispose of waste according to federal, Environmental Protection Authority and state regulations. If the spillage enters the waterways contact the Environmental Protection Authority, or your local Waste Management Authority.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Open containers cautiously as contents may be under pressure. Use only in a well ventilated area. DO NOT store or use in confined spaces. Do not enter these areas without respiratory protection or until the atmosphere has been checked. Keep tank covered and containers sealed when not in use. Build up of mists or vapours in the atmosphere must be prevented. Avoid inhalation of vapour and mists. Do not use near welding or other ignition sources and avoid sparks. Do NOT pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Do not smoke. When dealing with large quantities, repeated or prolonged exposure without protection should be prevented in order to lessen the possibility of disorders. It is essential that all who come into contact with this material maintain high standards of personal hygiene i.e. Washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, foodstuffs, and clothing and out of direct sunlight. Keep containers closed when not in use and securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Exposure Standards Australian National Occupational Health And Safety Commission (NOHSC) Exposure

Standards:

New Zealand Occupational Safety and Health Service (OSH) Workplace Exposure Standards:

Substance TWA STEL ppm mg/m 3 ppm mg/m 3 Chlorobenzene 10 46 - - Acetic acid 10 25 15 37

Biological Limit

Values No Biological limit available.

Engineering Controls Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limit. Where

vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a flameproof exhaust ventilation system is required. Refer to AS 1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids for further information

concerning ventilation requirements.

Respiratory Protection If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then respiratory protective equipment should be used suitable for protecting against airborne contaminants. Type of breathing protection required will vary according to individual circumstances. Expert advice may be required to make this decision. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, goggles or full-face shield as appropriate recommended. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or engineering controls and according to risk assessments undertaken. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body Protection

Suitable work wear should be worn to protect personal clothing, eg cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist. When large quantities are handled the use of plastic aprons and rubber boots is recommended. Industrial clothing should conform to the specifications detailed in AS/NZS 2919: Industrial clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Clear, colourless, volatile liquid.

Odour Almond-like odour.

Melting Point -45.6°C

Boiling Point 132°C

Solubility in Water Insoluble.

Solubility in Organic Solvents

Very soluble in carbon disulfide and benzene. Soluble in alcohol, ether, chloroform, carbon

tetrachloride.

Specific Gravity 1.106

pH Value Not available.

Vapour Pressure 8.8 mmHg (20°C)

Vapour Density

(Air=1) 3.88 Evaporation Rate 1.0

Odour Threshold 0.4 mg/m³ (perception); 1-7 mg/m³ (recognition) WARNING PROPERTY (ODOUR/IRRIT.)

GOOD - chlorobenzene is perceptible below TLV-TWA levels; an eye irritant.

Flash Point 29°C

Auto-Ignition

Temperature 638°C

Flammable Limits -

Lower 1.3%

Flammable Limits -

Upper 7.1%

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, direct sunlight, open flames or other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Strong oxidising materials (e.g. silver perchlorate) - increase risk of fire and explosion;

Materials Dimethyl sulfoxide - decomposes violently on contact with chlorobenzene.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes. **Hazardous Reactions** Liquid chlorobenzene will attack some forms of plastics, rubber, and coatings.

nazaruous Reaction

Hazardous
Polymerization Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicology

Information LD50 (oral, rat): 1,110 mg/kg

Inhalation Harmful by inalation. Inhalation of product vapours will cause irritation of the nose, throat

and respiratory system.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of this product will irritate the gastric tract causing nausea

and vomiting.

Skin May cause irritation in contact with skin. Symptoms may include redness and itchiness.

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to dermatitis.

Eye May cause irritation to eyes. Symptoms may include redness, tearing, stinging and blurred

vision.

Chronic Effects Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting leading to dermatitis. Prolonged

inhalation may cause central nervous system depression with symptoms including dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and headaches. This product may cause digestive disorders; lung-, liver-, and kidney damage; numbness of extremities; spastic contractions of finger muscles; and possibly reduced sense of touch. Chlorobenzene may cause a breakdown of red blood cells.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Persistence / Not available.

Degradability

Mobility

Not available.

Environment

Protection

Prevent this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Considerations

Dispose of waste according to federal, EPA and state regulations. Labels should not be removed from containers until they have been cleaned. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near containers. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Contaminated containers must not be treated as household waste. Containers should be cleaned by appropriate methods and then re-used or disposed of by landfill or incineration as appropriate. Do not incinerate closed containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information Australia:

This material is classified as a Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. Dangerous goods of Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:

- Class 1, Explosive
- Class 2.1, Flammable Gas, if both the Class 3 and Class 2.1 dangerous goods are in bulk
- Class 2.3, Toxic Gas
- Class 4.2, Spontaneously Combustible Substance
- Class 5.1, Oxidising Agent
- Class 5.2, Organic Peroxide
- Class 6.1, Toxic and Class 6.2 Infectious Substances, if the Class 3 dangerous goods are nitromethane
- Class 7, Radioactive Substance

New Zealand:

This material is classified as a Class 3 - Flammable Liquid according to NZS 5433:1999 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Must not be loaded in the same freight container or on the same vehicle with:

- Class 1, Explosives
- Class 2.1, Flammable gases
- Class 2.3, Toxic gases
- Class 4.2, Spontaneously combustible substances
- Class 5.1, Oxidising substances
- Class 5.2, Organic peroxides or
- Class 7, Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted.

Must not be loaded with in the same freight container; and on the same vehicle must be separated horizontally by at least 3 metres unless all but one are packed in separate freight containers with:

- Class 4.3, Dangerous when wet substances

Goods of packing group II or III may be loaded in the same freight container or on the same vehicle if transported in segregation devices with:

- Class 4.2, Spontaneously combustible substances
- Class 4.3, Dangerous when wet substances
- Class 5.1, Oxidising substances
- Class 5.2, Organic peroxides

U.N. Number

1134 & 2789

Proper Shipping

Name

CHLOROBENZENE & Acetic acid

DG Class

3 &8

Hazchem Code 2Y

Packaging Method 3.8.3RT1

Packing Group III
EPG Number 3A1
IERG Number 17

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory

Australia:

Information

Classified as hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health & Safety

Commission (NOHSC).

Poison Schedule: Not Scheduled

Poisons Schedule

Not Scheduled

National and or

International

New Zealand:

Regulatory Information

Classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Minimum

Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.

Hazard Category

Harmful, Dangerous for the environment

16. Disclaimer

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, the information is not a guarantee expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Anyone using the chemical described here should ensure that he or she has the appropriate training and has the expertise and any equipment required for safe handling. If clarification or further information is required, please contact ECP Ltd or refer to the official handler of dangerous goods within your own company. The user should also make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the product for their particular purposes. In no event shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.