MSDS 2080 Cyclohexane Date of Issue/re-issue:-6.08.2018

Includes all ECP cyclohexanes beginning with code 2080 User declaration:- I have read and understood this Safety Data Sheet

Name:-	Signature	Date	

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Company Name



Address: 39 Woodside Ave, Northcote, Auckland, New Zealand

Emergency Tel: NZ 0800154666 | **Tel** +64 9 480 4386 | **FAX** +64 9 480 4385

Product	Cyclohexane 2080				
CAS #110-82-7	HSNO# HSR000111				
UN#		DG Class& 2ndary class	Packing group #		
1145		3	II		

Recomended use: Laboratory Investigations

2. Hazards Identification

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 GHS Classification

Flammable Liquids (Category B)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category E)

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category D)

Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category E)

Eye irritation (Category A)

Aquatic toxicity (Acute or Chronic) (Category A)

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements



Pictogram

Signal word **Danger**

Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.

H320 Causes eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards - none

Hazard Classification National

New Zealand:

Classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001.

Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433:1999 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

HSNO Classification:

3.1B - Flammable Liquid: High Hazard.

6.1D - Substance that is acutely toxic.

6.3B - Substance that is irritating to the skin.

9.1B - Substance that is ecotoxic in the aquatic environment.

9.3C - Substance that is harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

Australia:

Classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health & Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	Name	CAS	Proportion	
	Cyclohexane	110-82-7	100 %	
	4. FIRST AID MEASURES			
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.			
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash out mouth and lips thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.			
Skin	Wash affected area thoroughly with copious amounts of running water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse or discard. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.			
Eye	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed off completely. Seek medical attention.			
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash and normal washroom facilities.			
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically			
	5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES			
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Extinguish fire with foam	, dry chemical po	wder or carbon dioxide.	
Hazards from Combustion Products	Under fire conditions this carbon monoxide and ca		nit toxic and/or irritating fumes including	
Specific Hazards	ignition. Vapour/air mixt and may travel long dista	ures may ignite e ances to an ignitic mposition leading	if safe to do so and remove sources of re- xplosively. Vapours are heavier than air on source and flash back. Heating can g to violent rupture of containers. Runoff ard.	

3[Y]E

Hazchem Code

Precautions in connection with Fire

Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours, fumes or products of combustion. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to minimise exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non-combustible material onto spillage. Use clean nonsparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water authorities and EPA in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Precautions for Safe Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing, impervious gloves and safety glasses. Use only in well ventilated areas. Avoid breathing vapour or spray mist. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not empty into drains. Maintain a high level of personal hygiene when using the product, that is, always wash hands after handling, and before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet facilities.

Storage

Conditions for Safe Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, foodstuffs, and clothing. Keep containers closed when not in use and securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids. Reference should also be made to all applicable national and local regulations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Standards

National Exposure Australian National Occupational Health And Safety Commission (NOHSC) Exposure Standards:

> **Substance TWA STEL Notices** ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/m³

Cyclohexane 100 350 300 1050 -

New Zealand Occupational Safety and Health Service (OSH) Workplace Exposure

Standards:

Substance TWA STEL Notices ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/m³

Cyclohexane 100 350 300 1050 -

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit): The average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eighthour workday.

Engineering Controls

Provide adequate ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limits. Where vapours or mists are generated, a flameproof local exhaust ventilation system, drawing vapours/mists away from workers' breathing zone, is required.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with an organic vapour type filter should be used. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, or chemical goggles as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or engineering controls and according to risk assessments undertaken. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material such as laminated film or PVC. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body Protection

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist. Industrial clothing should conform to the specifications detailed in AS/NZS 2919: Industrial clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Clear, colourless mobile liquid with a pungent odour.

Melting Point 6.5°C

Boiling Point 80.7°C

Solubility in Water Insoluble

Specific Gravity 0.779

Vapour Pressure 100 mmHg at 60.8°C

Vapour Density

(Air=1) 2.90 (Air=1)

Evaporation Rate <1 (n-Butyl acetate=1)

Flash Point -20°C

Flammability Highly flammable liquid.

Auto-Ignition

Temperature 245°C

Flammable Limits -

Lower 1.3%

Flammable Limits -

Upper 8.4%

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid contact with hot surfaces, open flame, sparks and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents. When mixed hot with liquid N2O4, has been reported to

explode.

Hazardous

Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes

including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous

Polymerization Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicology

For Cyclohexane:

Information LD50 (Oral, Rat): 12,705 mg/kg

LD50 (Oral, Mouse): 813 mg/kg

Inhalation Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Inhalation of vapours may irritate the

respiratory system and cause CNS depression.

Ingestion Harfmul: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to

the mouth, esophagus and stomach. Symptoms may include a burning sensation of soft tissues, vomiting and diarrhoea. If vomiting occurs product may be aspirated into the lungs leading to chemical pneumonitis. Ingestion may also cause CNS depression with symptoms including dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue,

headache, confusion and possible unconsciousness.

Skin Irritating to skin. May cause redness and defatting. Repeated exposure may cause

skin dryness and cracking.

Eye May be irritating to eyes. On eye contact this product may cause tearing, stinging,

blurred vision, and redness.

Chronic Effects Chronic exposure may cause central nervous system depression, and liver and

kidney damage. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting leading to

dermatitis.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Persistence /

Degradability Not available

Mobility Not available

Bioaccumulative

Potential Not available

Environment

Protection Do not allow product to enter drains, waterways or sewers.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Considerations

The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with

applicable local and national regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Australia: **Information** This mate

This material is classified as a Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) Dangerous Goods

according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. Dangerous goods of Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) are incompatible in a

placard load with any of the following:

- Class 1, Explosive
- Class 2.1, Flammable Gas, if both the Class 3 and Class 2.1 dangerous goods are in bulk
- Class 2.3, Toxic Gas
- Class 4.2, Spontaneously Combustible Substance
- Class 5.1, Oxidising Agent
- Class 5.2, Organic Peroxide
- Class 6.1, Toxic and Class 6.2 Infectious Substances, if the Class 3 dangerous goods are nitromethane
- Class 7, Radioactive Substance

New Zealand:

This material is classified as a Class 3 - Flammable Liquid according to NZS 5433:1999 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Must not be loaded in the same freight container or on the same vehicle with:

- Class 1, Explosives
- Class 2.1, Flammable gases
- Class 2.3, Toxic gases
- Class 4.2, Spontaneously combustible substances
- Class 5.1, Oxidising substances
- Class 5.2, Organic peroxides or
- Class 7, Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted.

Must not be loaded with in the same freight container; and on the same vehicle must be separated horizontally by at least 3 metres unless all but one are packed in separate freight containers with:

- Class 4.3, Dangerous when wet substances

Goods of packing group II or III may be loaded in the same freight container or on the same vehicle if transported in segregation devices with:

- Class 4.2, Spontaneously combustible substances
- Class 4.3, Dangerous when wet substances
- Class 5.1, Oxidising substances
- Class 5.2, Organic peroxides

U.N. Number 1145

Proper Shipping

Name CYCLOHEXANE

DG Class

Hazchem Code 3[Y]E

Packaging Method 3.8.3

Packing Group

EPG Number 3A1

IERG Number 14

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory Australia:

Information Classified as Hazardous according to criteria of National Occupational Health &

Safety Commission (NOHSC), Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform

Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

Poisons Schedule Not Scheduled

National and or

New Zealand:

International Regulatory

Information

Classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances

(Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001. ERMA Approval Code: HSR001111; Cyclohexane.

Hazard Category Harmfu

Harmful, Irritant, Highly Flammable, Dangerous for the environment

AICS (Australia)

All constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical

Substances (AICS).

16. Disclaimer

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, the information is not a guarantee expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Anyone using the chemical described here should ensure that he or she has the appropriate training and has the expertise and any equipment required for safe handling. If clarification or further information is required, please contact ECP Ltd or refer to the official handler of dangerous goods within your own company. The user should also make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the product for their particular purposes. In no event shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

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