

Safety Data Sheet

Date of Issue: 01.10.2020 Date of Expiry: 1.10.2025

1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Company Name : ECP Limited

Address : PO Box 34125, Birkenhead, Auckland 0746

Telephone : +64 9 480 4386 Facsimile : +64 9 480 4385

Emergency phone number : 0800 243 622 (24 hours)

| Product | Diethyl Ether | | Code | 0850 |
|---------|---------------|------|-------------|-----------------|
| CAS# | HSNO# | UN# | DG Class/es | Packing group # |
| 60-29-7 | HSR001124 | 1155 | 3 | 1 |

Recommended use : Laboratory Investigations

2: Hazards identification

GHS Classification

Flammable Liquids (Category A)
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category D)
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category E)
Skin irritation (Category B)

Eye irritation (Category A)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements Hazard Pictogram





Hazard statement(s)

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H333 May be harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P330 Rinse mouth.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction.

Storage

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

May form explosive peroxides., Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredients | Name | CAS | Proportion |
|-------------|---------------|---------|------------|
| | Diethyl ether | 60-29-7 | 100 % |

4: First aid measures

Inhalation If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Apply artificial

respiration if not breathing. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek immediate

medical attention.

Skin Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated

clothing and wash before reuse or discard. Seek medical attention.

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water.

Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out

completely. Seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities Eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

Other Information Ether is absorbed and eliminated rapidly. Treatment is directed at decreasing GI

irritation if ingested and maintaining respiration regardless of route of

administration. Because of the rapid absorption, emesis, activated charcoal and

cathartics are likely to be of only limited value unless given immediately. For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 0800 POISON / 0800 764 766) or a doctor at

once.

5: Firefighting measures

Suitable

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide and foam.

Hazards from Combustion **Products**

In the presence of oxygen, if long standing or exposured to sunlight, unstable peroxides may form which may explode, when heated or spontaneously when concentrated. Danger: tends to form explosive peroxides especially when anhydrous.

Specific Hazards

This product is extremely flammable. Keep containers and fire-exposed surfaces cool with water spray. Shut off any leak if safe to do so and remove sources of re-ignition. Vapour/air mixtures may ignite explosively. Flashback along the vapour trail may occur. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazchem Code

3YE

Precautions in

Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated connection with Fire in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight fire from safe location. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

6: Accidental release measures

Emergency Procedures

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non-combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water authorities and EPA in accordance with local regulations.

7: Handling and storage

Handling

Precautions for Safe Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment to prevent inhalation, skin and eye exposure. Handle and use the material in a well-ventilated area, away from sparks, flames and other ignition sources. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Work from suitable, labelled, fireresistant containers. Open containers carefully as they may be under pressure. Keep containers closed when not in use. Flameproof equipment is necessary in areas where the product is being used. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Earth or bond all equipment. Do not empty into drains. Ensure a high level of personal hygiene is maintained when using this product, that is, always wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet facilities.

Storage

Conditions for Safe Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, strong acids, foodstuffs, and clothing. Keep containers closed when not in use and securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids. Reference should also be made to all applicable local and national regulations.

Other Information

Inhibited with 0.0001% bht

8: Exposure controls/personal protection

National Exposure Standards

New Zealand Occupational Safety and Health Service (OSH) Workplace

Exposure Standards:

Substance TWA STEL NOTICES

ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/m³

Diethyl ether 400 1210 500 1520 -

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit): The average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

Engineering Controls

Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limits. Where vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a flameproof exhaust ventilation system is required. Refer to AS 1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids and AS/NZS 2430.3.1:1997: Classification of hazardous areas - Examples of area classification - General, for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable organic vapour filter should be used. Reference should be made to Australian/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles should be worn. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material. (PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves.) Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body Protection

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled. Industrial clothing should conform to the specifications detailed in AS/NZS 2919: Industrial clothing.

9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colourless liquid

Odour Not available

Melting Point -116°C

Boiling Point 34.6°C

Solubility in Water 6.9% at 20°C

Specific Gravity 0.706

pH Value Not applicable

Vapour Pressure 8.56 psi 20°C

28.66 psi 55°C

Vapour Density

(Air=1) 2.6

Flash Point -40°C

Flammability Extremely flammable liquid.

Auto-Ignition

Temperature 160°C

Flammable Limits -

Lower 1.7%

Flammable Limits -

Upper 48%

10: Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, direct sunlight, open flames or other sources of ignition.

Incompatible

Materials Oxidising agents

Hazardous

Decomposition Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous

Polymerization Will not occur.

11: Toxicological information

Toxicology Acute toxicity data for Diethyl ether:

Information LD50(Rat, Oral): 1215 mg/kg

LD50(Rabbit, Dermal): >20 mL/kg

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. Vapours may cause drowsiness,

dizziness, euphoria and CNS depression. Abuse has been reported, repeated exposures producing ether jags. Deaths from acute industrial exposures are rare. Death due to respiratory failure may result from severe

and continued exposure.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ether is a volatile compound which may distend the

stomach and compromise breathing if ingested. Ether is irritating to the mucous membranes; vomiting might be expected after ingestion. Vomiting is

common (85%) in patients following anaesthesia.

Skin May cause irritation in contact with the skin.

Eye May cause irritation in contact with the eyes.

Chronic Effects Prolonged or repeated direct skin contact can produce defatting dermatitis

with dryness and cracking. Other symptoms of chronic exposure include nasal irritation, loss of appetite, headache, sleepiness, dizziness, excitement,

personality changes, and excessive sweating (HSDB).

12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) - 2,840 mg/l - 48 h

Remarks: (ECOTOX Database)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1,380 mg/l - 48 h

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - > 100 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Toxicity to bacteria

static test EC50 - activated sludge - 21,000 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209) static test NOEC - activated sludge - 42 mg/l - 3 h

(OECD Test Guideline 209)

Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log Pow <= 4).

Mobility in soil

No data available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14: Transport Information Table

| ADR/RID - | IMDG | IATA – DGR |
|-----------|---------------|----------------------|
| European | International | International Air |
| packaging | Maritime | Travel Association – |

| | | certification | Dangerous Goods Code | Dangerous Goods Regulations |
|------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 14.1 | UN Number | 1155 | 1155 | 1155 |
| 14.2 | UN Proper | DIETHYL ETHER | DIETHYL ETHER | Diethyl ether |
| | Shipping name | | | |
| 14.3 | Transport Hazard | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | Class | | | |
| 14.4 | Packaging group | I | 1 | I |
| 14.5 | Environmental | No | No | No |
| | Hazards | | | |
| 14.6 | Special | None | | |
| | precautions for | | | |
| | user | | | |
| 14.7 | Incompatible | Oxidizing agents, Strong acids | | |
| | Materials | | | |

15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulatory information

HSNO Approval Code: HSR001124

HSNO Group Standard Approval: Outside of Group Standard

Tracking Required: 3.1A

Approved Handler Cert.: not required

16: Disclaimer

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, the information is not a guarantee expressed or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Anyone using the chemical described here should ensure that he or she has the appropriate training and has the expertise and any equipment required for safe handling. If clarification or further information is required, please contact ECP Ltd or refer to the official handler of dangerous goods within your own company. The user should also make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the product for their particular purposes. In no event shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.